1. Numbers and percentages of out-of-school children (2000-2013) ${ }^{1}$

2. The Five Dimensions of Exclusion ${ }^{2}$


| Out of school |
| :--- |
| Dimension 1 |
| Dimension 2 |
| Dimension 3 |
| At risk of dropping out |
| Dimension 4 |
| Dimension 5 |
| In school |
| Pre-primary |
| Primary |
| Lower secondary |
| Upper secondary |


| Dimensions of Exclusion | Dimension 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Children of <br> pre-primary school <br> age who are not <br> in pre-primary or <br> primary school |
| \#/\% of children excluded | $\mathbf{1 9 , 0 0 9}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 6 \%}$ |


| Dimension 2 | Dimension 3 | Dimension 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Children of primary <br> school age who are <br> not in primary or <br> secondary school | Children of lower <br> secondary school <br> age who are not <br> in primary or <br> secondary school | Children who are <br> in primary school <br> but at risk of <br> dropping out |
| $\mathbf{3 4 , 7 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 6 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 1 9}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 7 \%}$ | $48 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |


| Dimension 5 |
| :--- |
| Children who are |
| in lower secondary |
| school but at risk |
| of dropping out |
| 2,107 |
| $\mathbf{6 \%}$ |

[^0]
## 3. Classification of the out-of-school population (Dimensions 2 and 3) by school exposure ${ }^{3}$



## 4. Schooling pathways of school aged children ${ }^{4}$

Reference Population: upper secondary school-aged adolescents


[^1]5. Out-of-school children by background characteristics (Dimensions 2 and 3) ${ }^{5}$


Out-of-school rates for the poorest children and rural children are much higher

Out-of-school rates are also higher for girls
6. Cumulative out-of-school risk related to combined characteristics ${ }^{6}$


For lower secondary school-aged children, area of residence and mother's education are important for school attendance
${ }^{5}$ Calculated from Statistics Yearbook 2013, UN Population Statistics Revision 2012, and the Djibouti Survey.
${ }^{6}$ Calculated from MICS 2006 using multivariate logit regressions. Wealth quintile estimates are unavailable.

كلّنا في المدرسة ALL IN School

## 7. Out-of-school children (Dimensions 2 and 3) by district ${ }^{7}$



Out of school \%


Djibouti Ville has a relatively high number of out-of-school children

Obock and Tadjourah have relatively high out-of-school children percentages

## 8. Barriers and policies/strategies ${ }^{8}$



7 Calculated from Statistics Yearbook 2013, UN Population Statistics Revision 2012, and the Djibouti Survey.
${ }^{8}$ Extracted from survey and policy reports published between 2007 and 2013.


[^0]:    UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).
    ${ }^{2}$ Calculated from UNICEF refugee and UN population statistics 2012.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) 2006.
    ${ }^{4}$ MICS 2006. In 2006 the official upper secondary age for Djibouti was 16-18.

